

ENSURING DIGITAL INCLUSION & AIMING FOR DIGITAL EQUALITY

FEDASIL CASE STUDIES & LESSONS LEARNED

Katrijn Maryns & July De Wilde / 16.5.2025





WHO ARE WE?



Katrijn Maryns



July De Wilde



INTERPRETER TRAINERS

- Master in Interpreting
- Faculty of Arts & Philosophy
- both academic and very practical scope
- e.g. through interprofessional training











RESEARCHERS ON MULTILINGUALISM

- language in relation to (in)equality / language and (un)even access to services / care / therapy / treatment
 - different types of language facilitation
 - (NPT vs professional) interpreters, online vs onsite
 - language technology (translation tools, machine translations)
 - multilingual strategies
 - medical contexts such as (mental) health care contexts, abortion centres
 - asylum and reception contexts (mainly Fedasil or Federal Agency for the Reception of Asylum Seekers)



HOW ABOUT YOU?



- Name?
- Organisation, function?
- What brings you to this COA event?
- Specific interests in digitalisation, reception, other?
- Things that you would like to discuss?



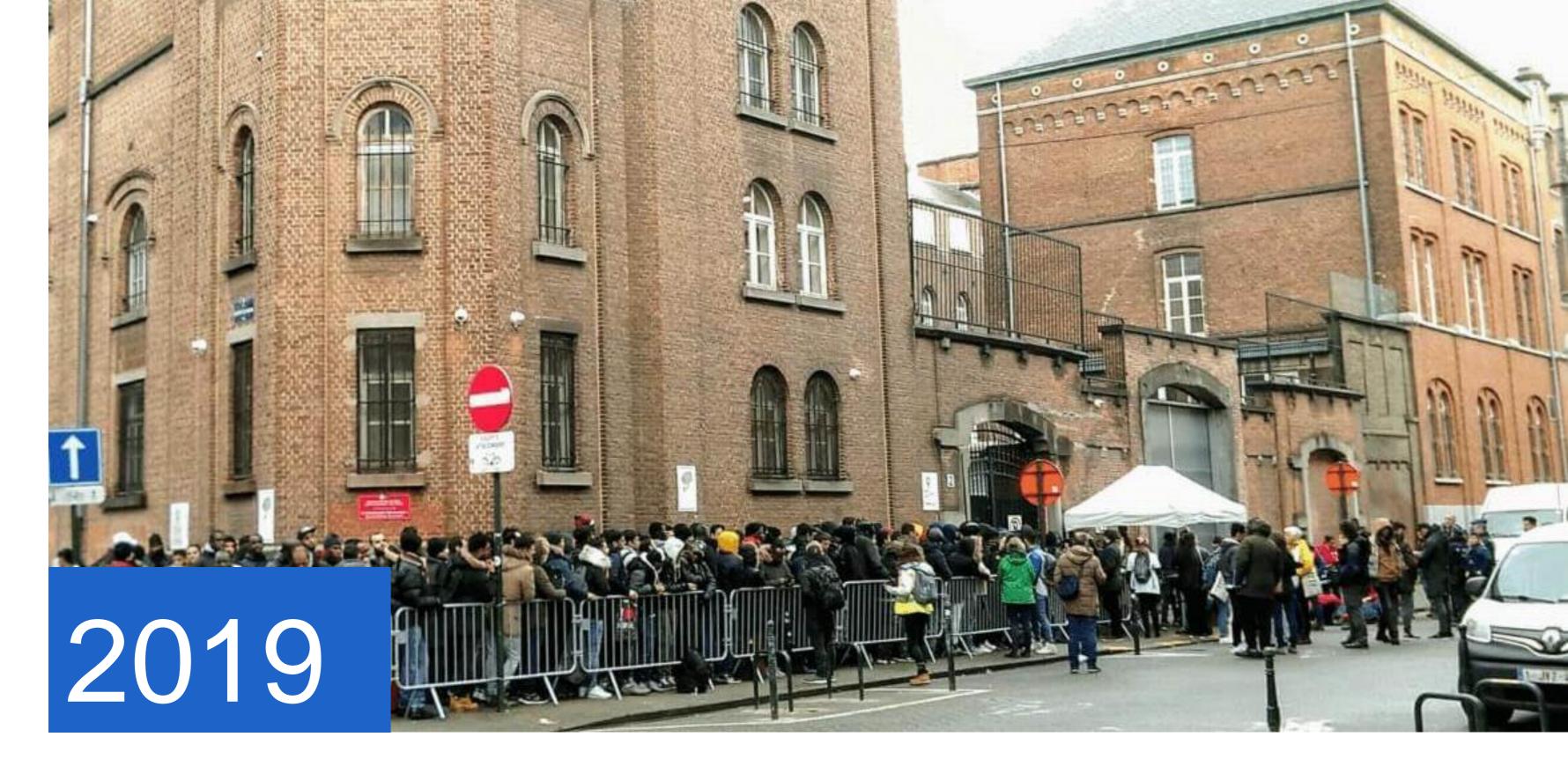
STRUCTURE OF THIS SESSION

- why care about digitalisation and access?
- key information on Fedasil
- showcase research collaborations with Fedasil
 - 1. multilingual website fedasilinfo.be
 - 2. multilingual intake tool
 - 3. video-interpreting & EU-WEBPSI
- concluding reflections



WHY CARE ABOUT DIGITALISATION AND ACCESS?



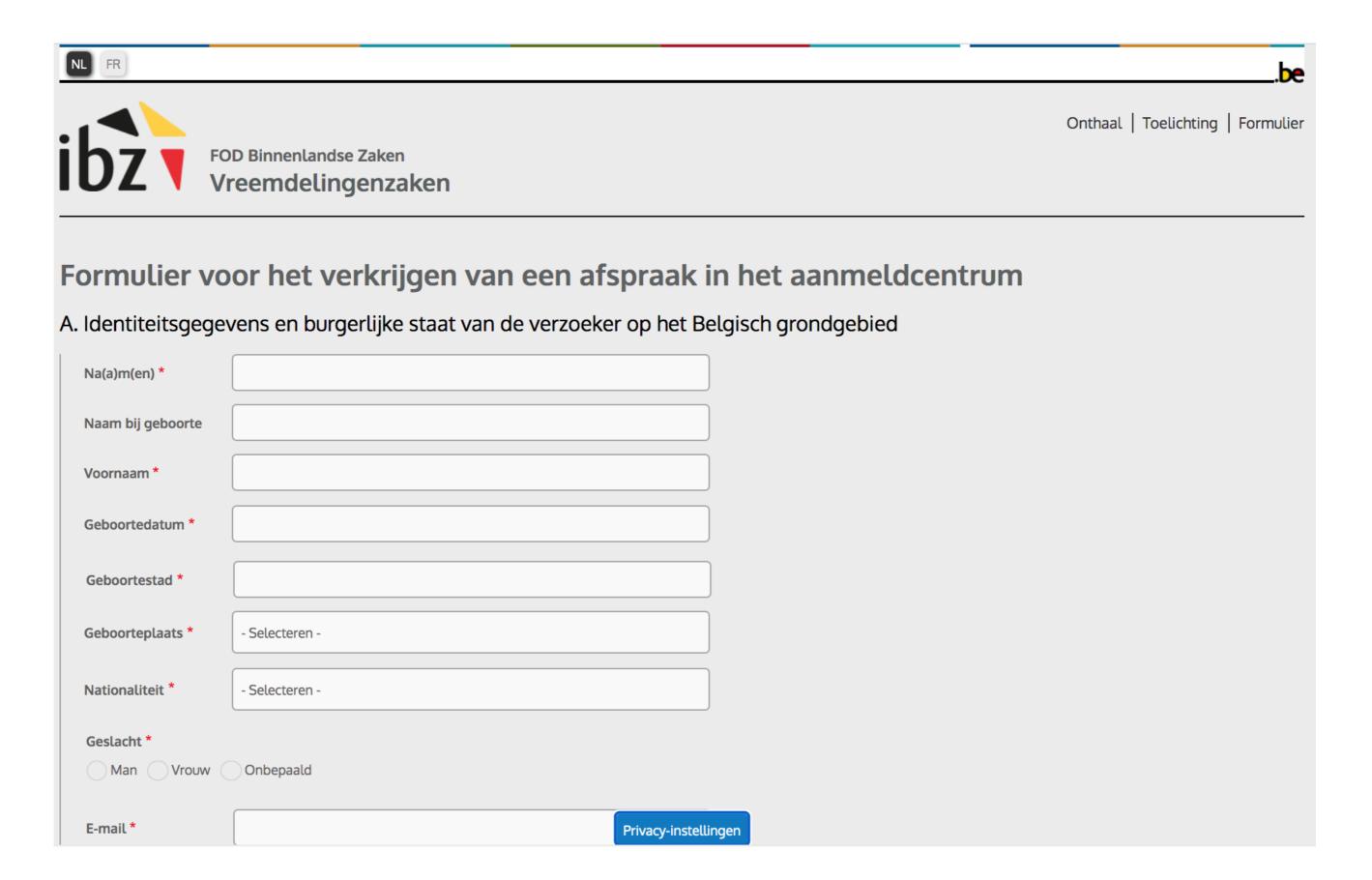








ONLINE REGISTRATION FORM OF THE BELGIAN IMMIGRATION OFFICE





LIMITED ACCESS

The online registration form:

- ✓ was only available online and should be filled in electronically and not manually
- ✓ needed to be completed in either Dutch or French
- ✓ had to be uploaded together with a scan (colour, good quality) of the
 applicant's ID, passport or any other travel document
- ✓ required applicants to fill in an email address that would be used for all correspondence concerning the application



WHO WAS LEFT BEHIND?

- no material access
- applicants with no / very low digital skills
- applicants without e-mail
- applicants with the "underprivileged" or "partial" language competences



KEY INFORMATION ON FEDASIL



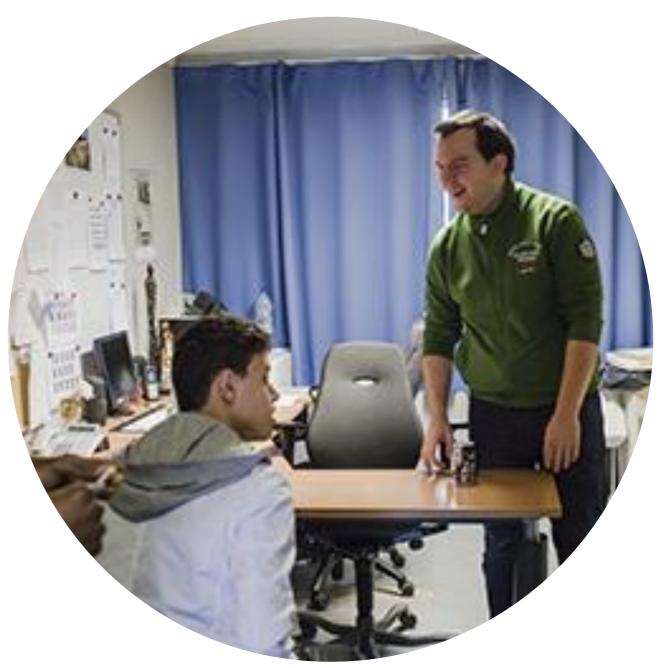


Fedasil

- Federal Agency for the Reception of Asylum Seekers (Fedasil) = a government agency under the tutelage of the Minister for Asylum and Migration, Anneleen Van Bossuyt
- operational since 2002
- 3040 staff members
- 36.500 reception places (also with partners)
- Budget Fedasil consists mainly of a federal endowment (€840 Mi in 2023)

Mission

- Fedasil is responsible for the **reception** of applicants for international protection and other target groups in Belgium
- Fedasil ensures the **quality** of reception throughout the reception network
- Fedasil coordinates the voluntary return from Belgium to their country of origin



Source: Fedasil



Fedasil activities

- grant material assistance (bed, bath, bread and guidance) to applicants for international protection and other foreign nationals entitled to reception
- with partners: organise flexible and highquality reception with special attention to vulnerable target groups and persons with specific needs

- responsible for the observation and orientation of unaccompanied minor foreign nationals (NBMV in Dutch)
- inform centre residents about their rights and duties and prepare them for an independent life after reception, in Belgium or in their country of origin

SHOWCASE RESEARCH INITIATIVES

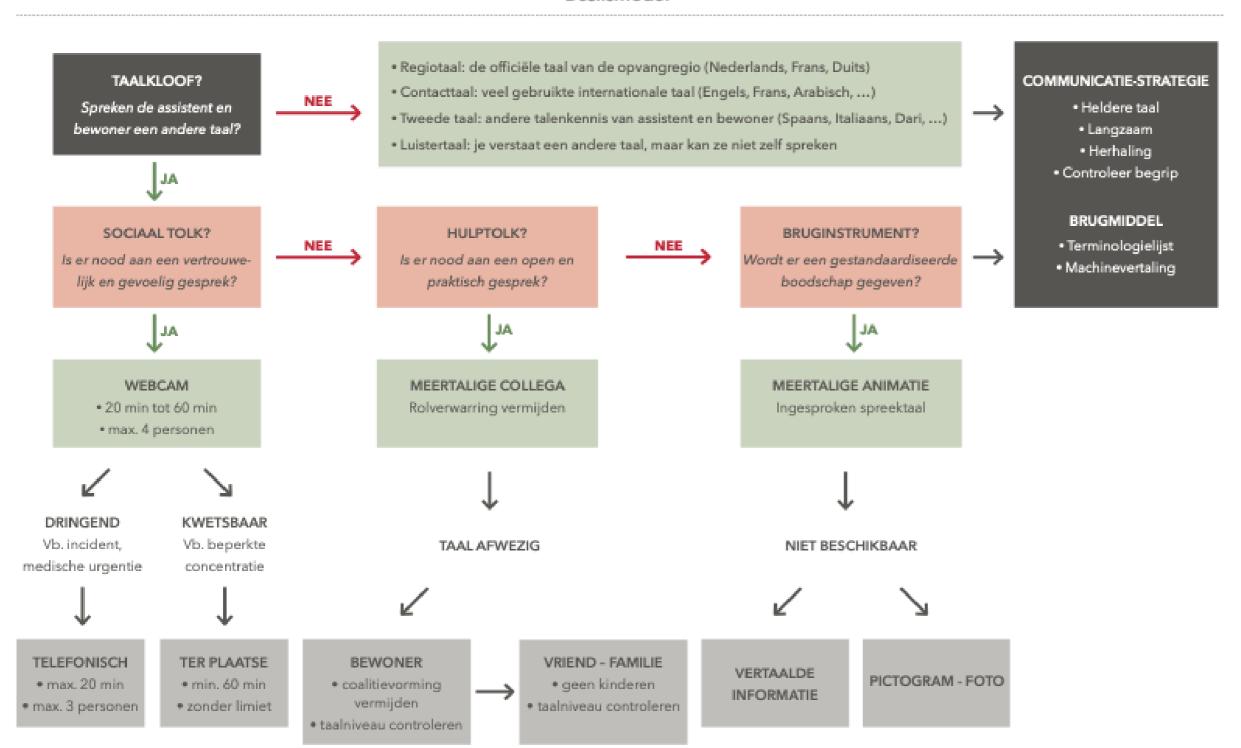


RESEARCH INITIATIVES

- 1. Multilingual website fedasilinfo.be
- 2. Multilingual intake tool in arrival centre
- 3. Video interpreting & EU-WEBPSI



MEERTALIGE COMMUNICATIE IN DE OPVANG Beslismodel

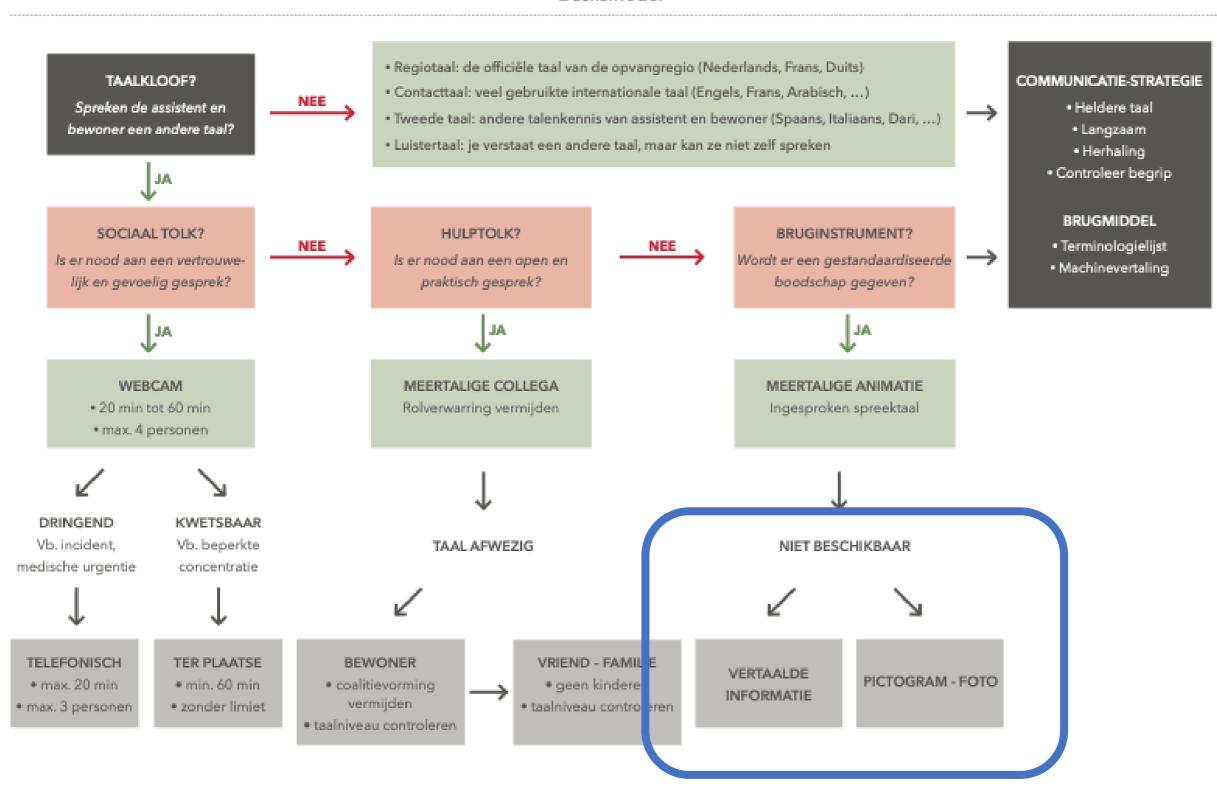


decision model for multilingual communication (working document Fedasil)

VISUAL SUPPORT FOR TODAY'S TALK

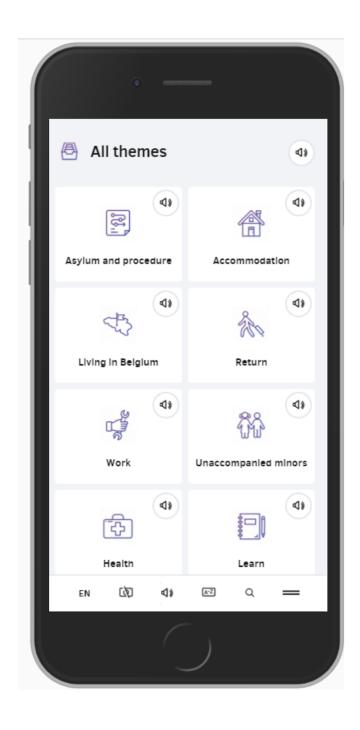
1. MULTILINGUAL WEBSITE FEDASILINFO.BE

MEERTALIGE COMMUNICATIE IN DE OPVANG Beslismodel



- Evaluation of the multilingual website
 fedasilinfo.be
- involved in the evaluation of its content, use & user-friendliness, perceived reliability
- 2021 2022

1. MULTILINGUAL WEBSITE FEDASILINFO.BE



Context

- responsive website developed by Fedasil (AMIF)
- online since 2019
- meeting legal obligation on informing
- accurate information for applicants (cf. countering misinformation, enhancing agency and allowing informed decisions within the complex asylum procedure)
- accurate information for **staff** (cf. staff turnovers, legal or procedural changes)
- adapting to societal changes and media habits

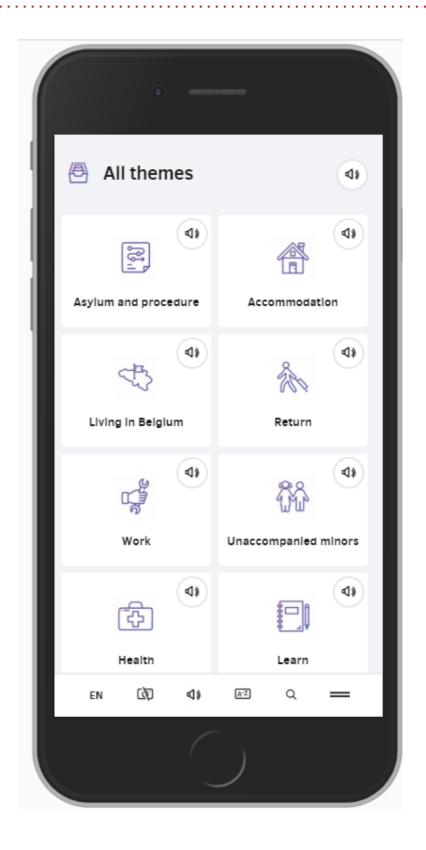




Source: Fedasil (adapted)

8 central topics

- Asiel en procedure
- Wonen
- Leven in België
- Terugkeer
- Werk
- Niet-begeleide minderjarigen
- Gezondheid
- Leren







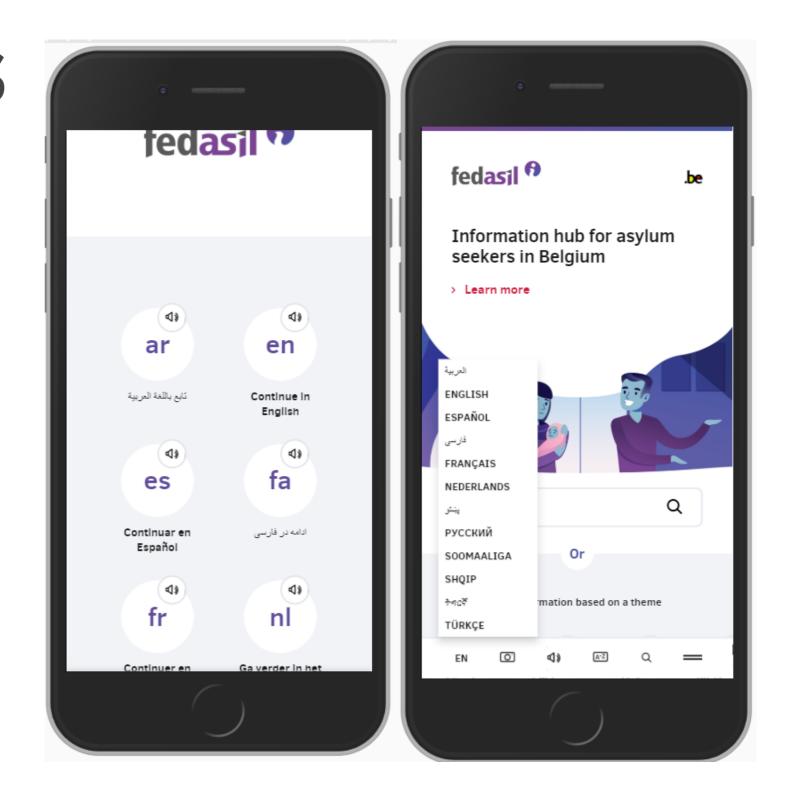
14 languages

Nederlands, Frans, Engels, Duits

Arabisch, Farsi, Pashto, Russisch,

Spaans, Albanees, Turks,

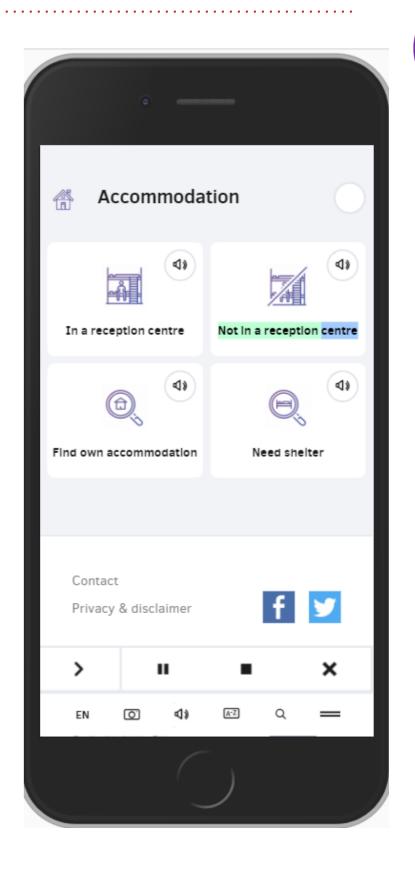
Somalisch, Tigrinya, Portugees,





10 languages audio

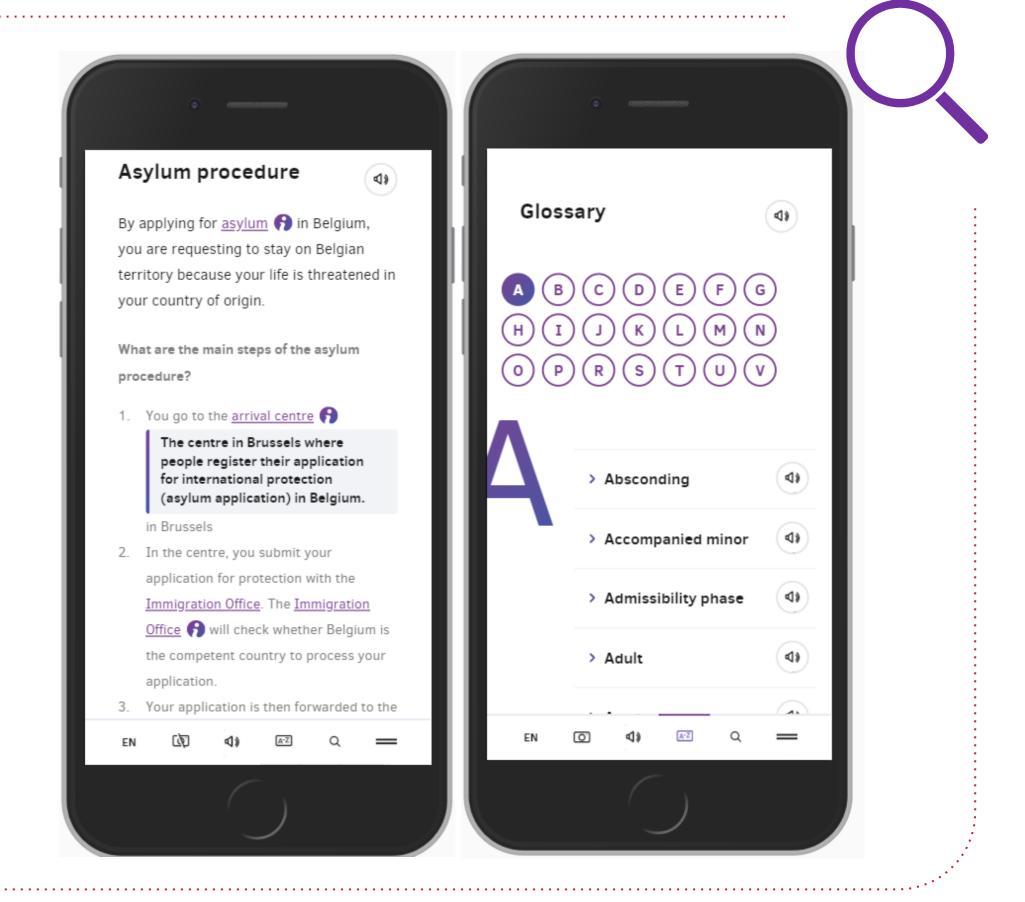
- Nederlands, Frans, Engels, Duits, Arabisch, Farsi, Russisch, Spaans, Turks, Portugees,
- Lezen van aparte fragmenten, thema's of volledige pagina's
- Mogelijkheid tot pauzeren





Source: Fedasil

Glossary



Source: Fedasil (adapted)



Elaborated with the target group

- Information structure was tested by applicants and front-line staff in the reception network and adjusted according to the results
- Pictograms were tested with front-line staff
- Texts written or rewritten to suit applicants' needs
- Colleagues/native speakers rewrote translations

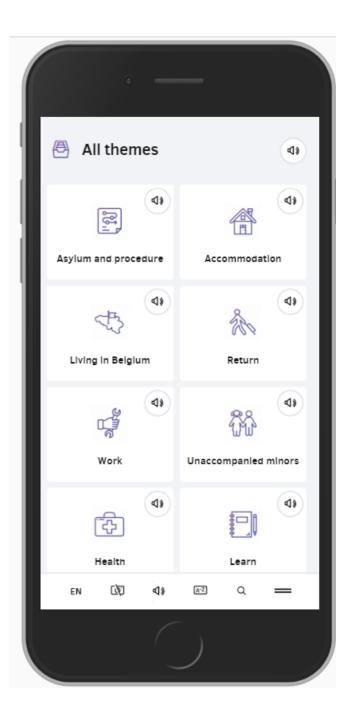


1. MULTILINGUAL WEBSITE

 Evaluation Ghent University: user needs, usage, satisfaction, perceived reliability, desired changes

- different methods

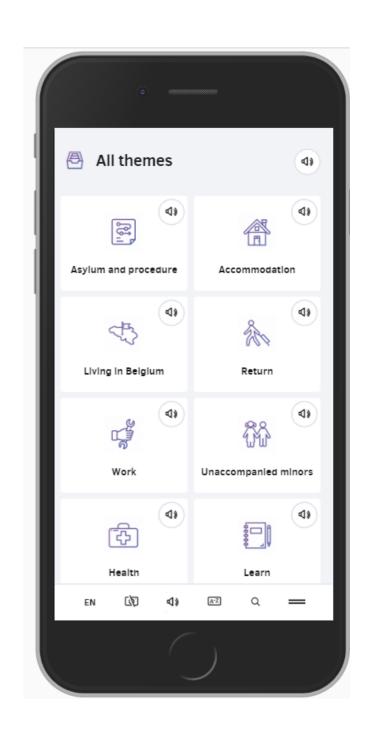
- survey among employees
- interviews + focus group discussions with applicants
- screen recordings of navigation experiences





MANY POSITIVE POINTS

- overall high user satisfaction
- positive feedback on content, visual design, and reliability
- rated well for usability
- some issues with page structure and internal linking

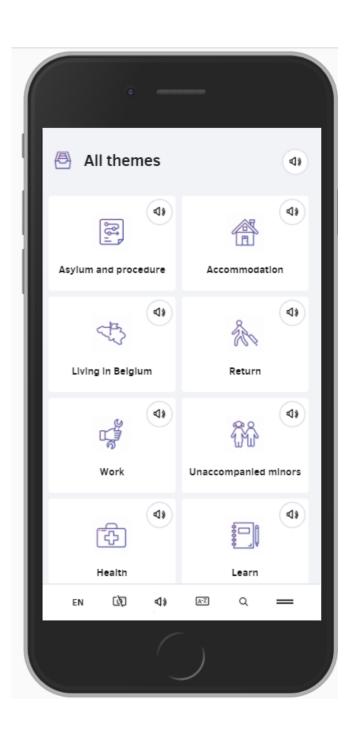




PARADOX OF DIGITALISATION

- digitalisation framed as a solution: promise of access, empowerment, self-reliance

- But also: digital tools can reinforce/deepen existing inequalities or create new forms of exclusion

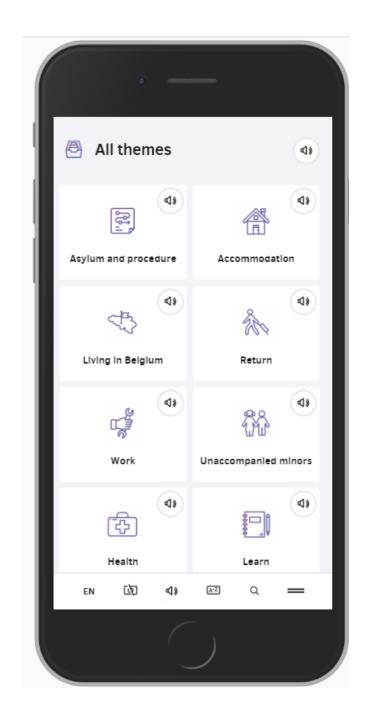




LAYERS OF DIGITAL INEQUALITY

- 1. Lack of access to internet/devices affected groups:
- Older applicants
- Women and children (restricted by family members)
- Applicants from regions with poor infrastructure

- 2. Unequal infrastructure across reception centres
- Rural military barracks vs. urban buildings
- Wi-Fi: not always available or reliable

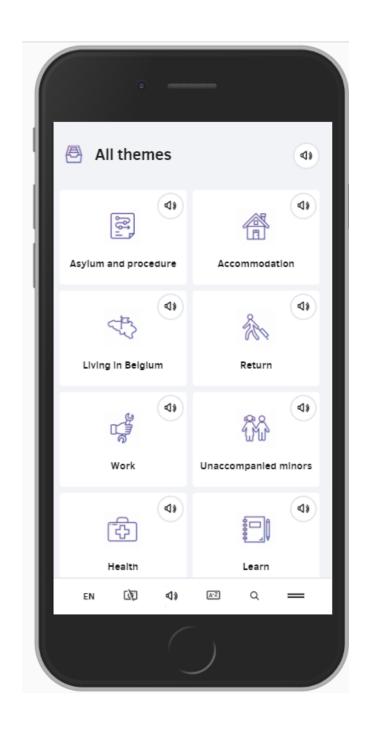




LAYERS OF DIGITAL INEQUALITY

Level of digital skills, confidence, motivation

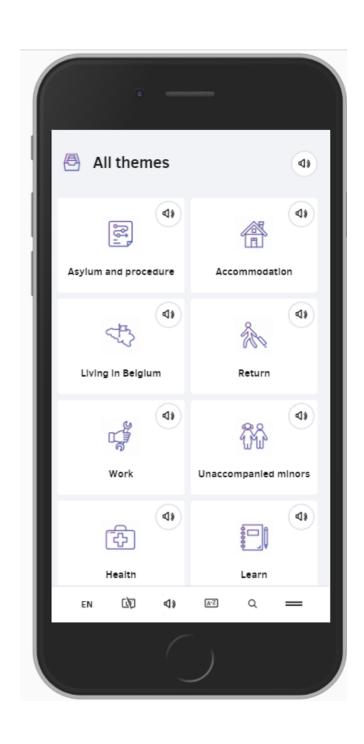
- 1. Users with low digital literacy struggle with fedasilinfo.be
- Users with other information gathering strategies (e.g. unaccompanied minors preferred social media, peers, informal channels)





EVALUATION TAKEAWAYS

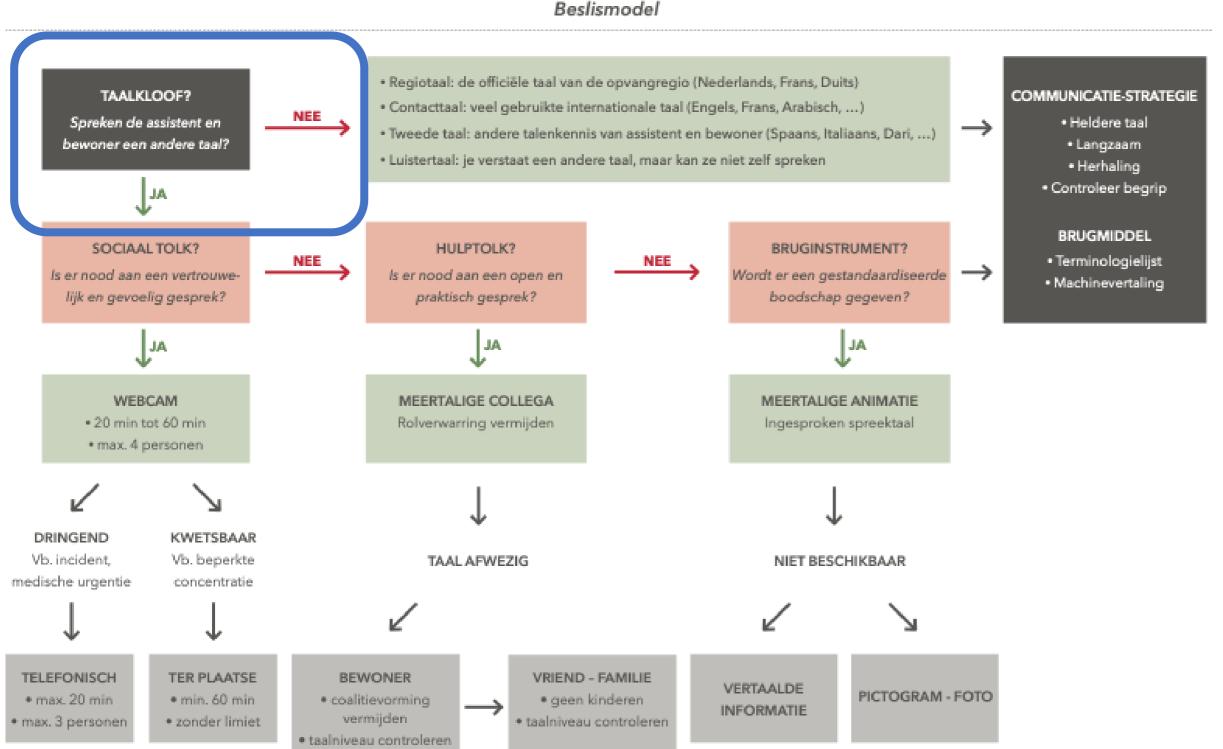
- not a one-size-fits-all solution
- essential to continuously evaluate usage patterns, barriers
- adapt to changing technologies and user behaviour, individual profiles
- fedasilinfo.be = supporting tool, not a full substitute >
 danger of neglecting alternatives





2. MULTILINGUAL INTAKE TOOL

MEERTALIGE COMMUNICATIE IN DE OPVANG Reslismadel



LANGUAGE IDENTIFICATION?

WITHOUT A COMMON LANGUAGE?

AMICA 2019 – 2022 INTERUNIVERSITY PROJECT

2. MULTILINGUAL INTAKE TOOL

Context

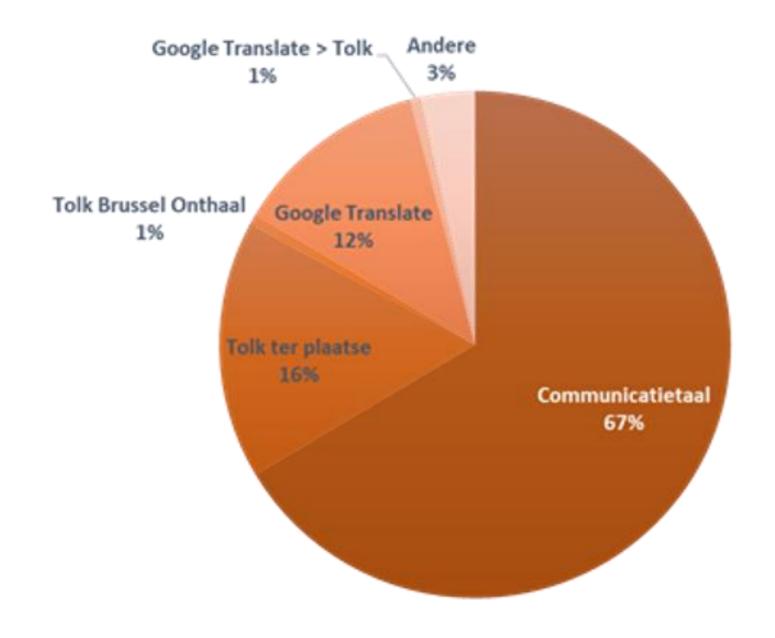
- Klein Kasteeltje, Brussels
- single point of entrance: arrival centre
- multiple tasks
 - medical intake
 - social intake (assessment of reception needs)
- → in what language?





Pilot study

- Inventory of language identification practices
- Fieldwork: 146 observations + staff interviews



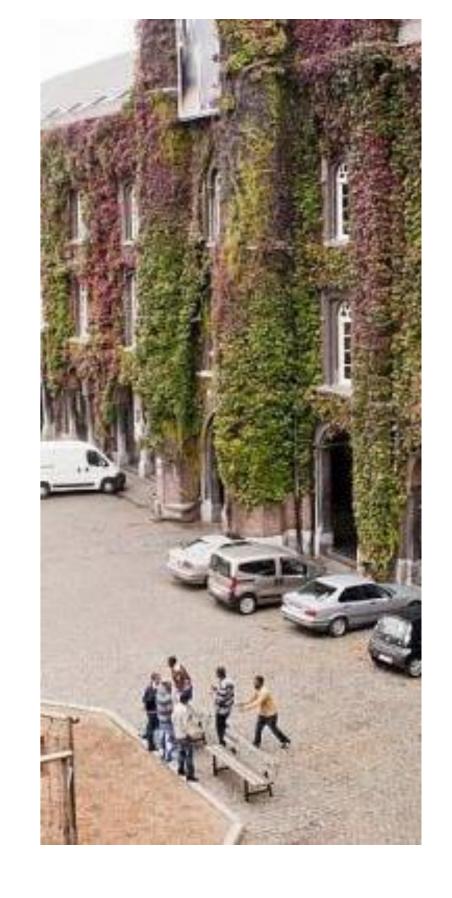


Findings

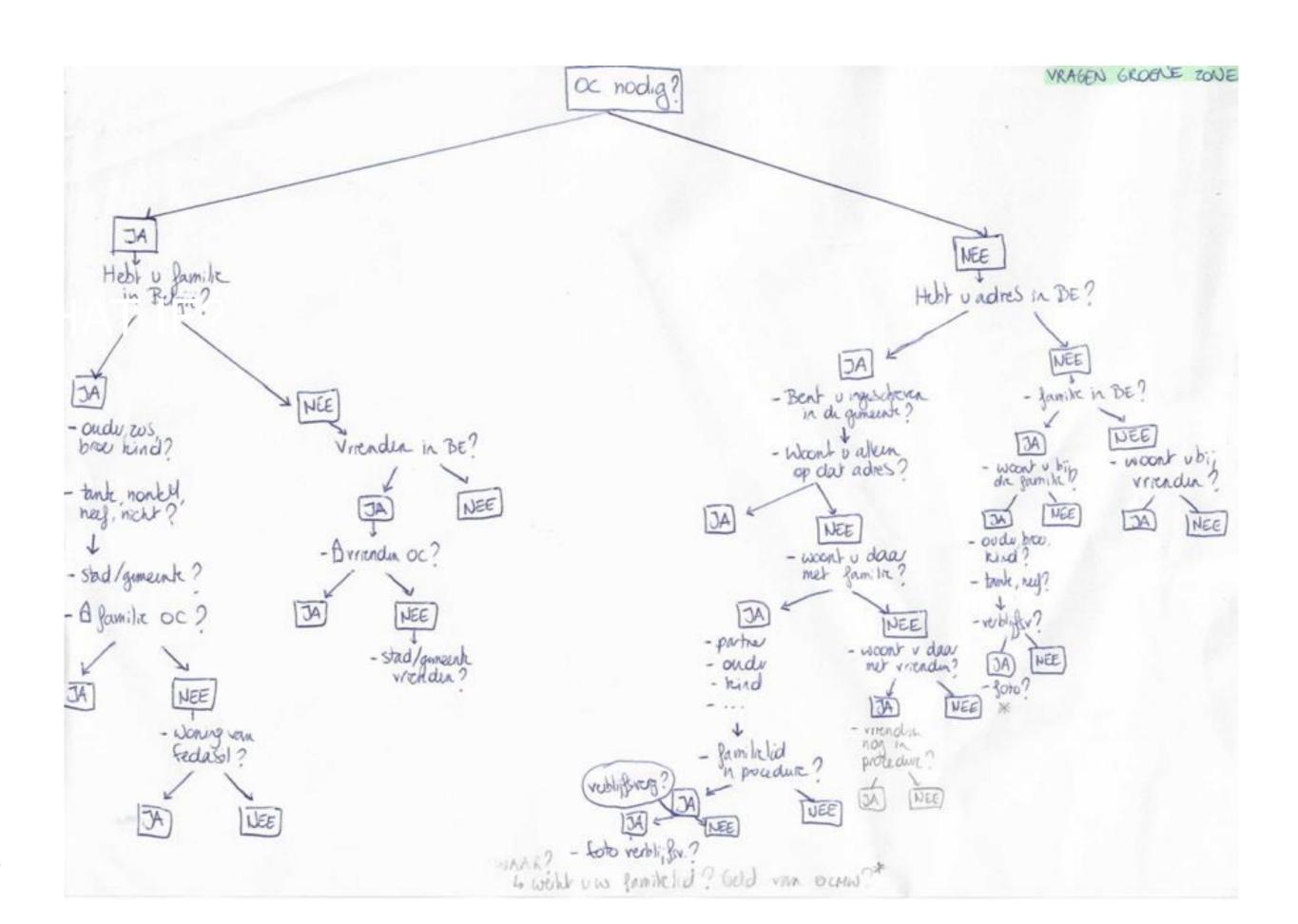
- time pressure
- nationality or origin as indicators of language
- "language guessing", "trial & error"
- esp. for "lesser resourced languages"
 (e.g. Tigrinya, Pashto, etc.)

This leads to:

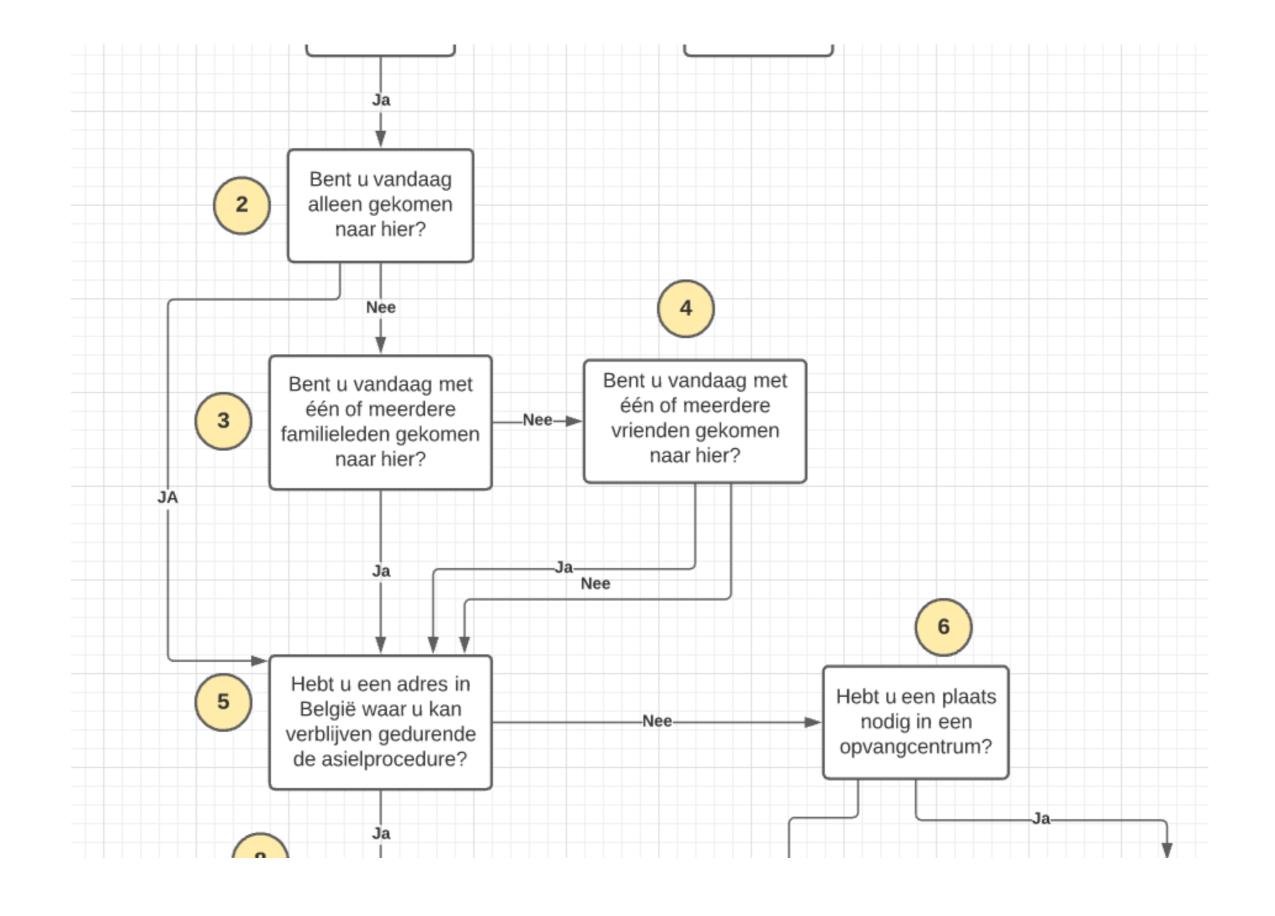
- Differential access to critical information
- discomfort residents
- professional frustration

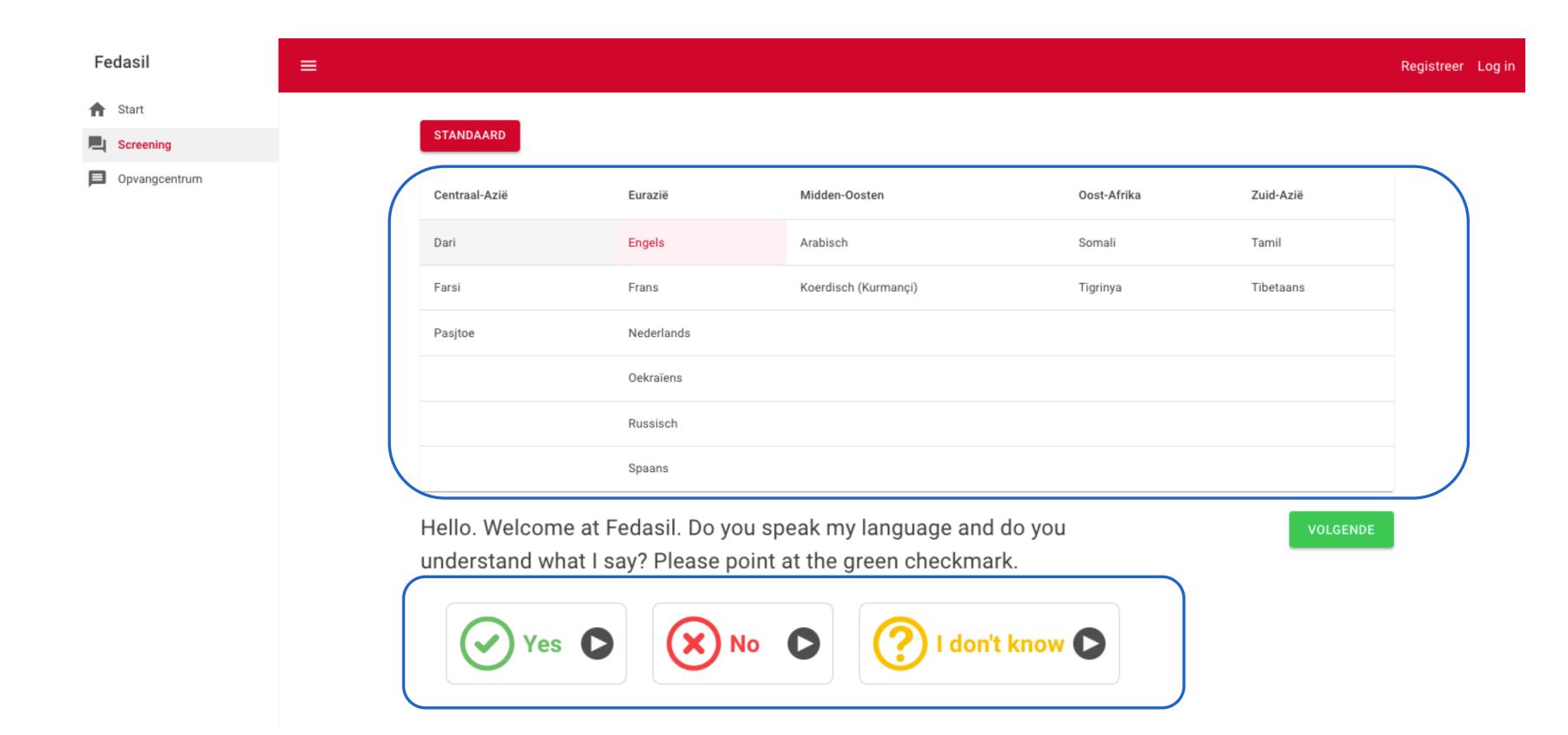












https://amica.xuntar.com/languageselection

Solution

- semi-automated basic question & answer (limited options)
- easy to use, multilingual, text + audio
- digital support for applicants indirect through case-workers
- → flags complex (accommodation) needs early on:
- → supports first contact information gathering for more languages: fairer intake



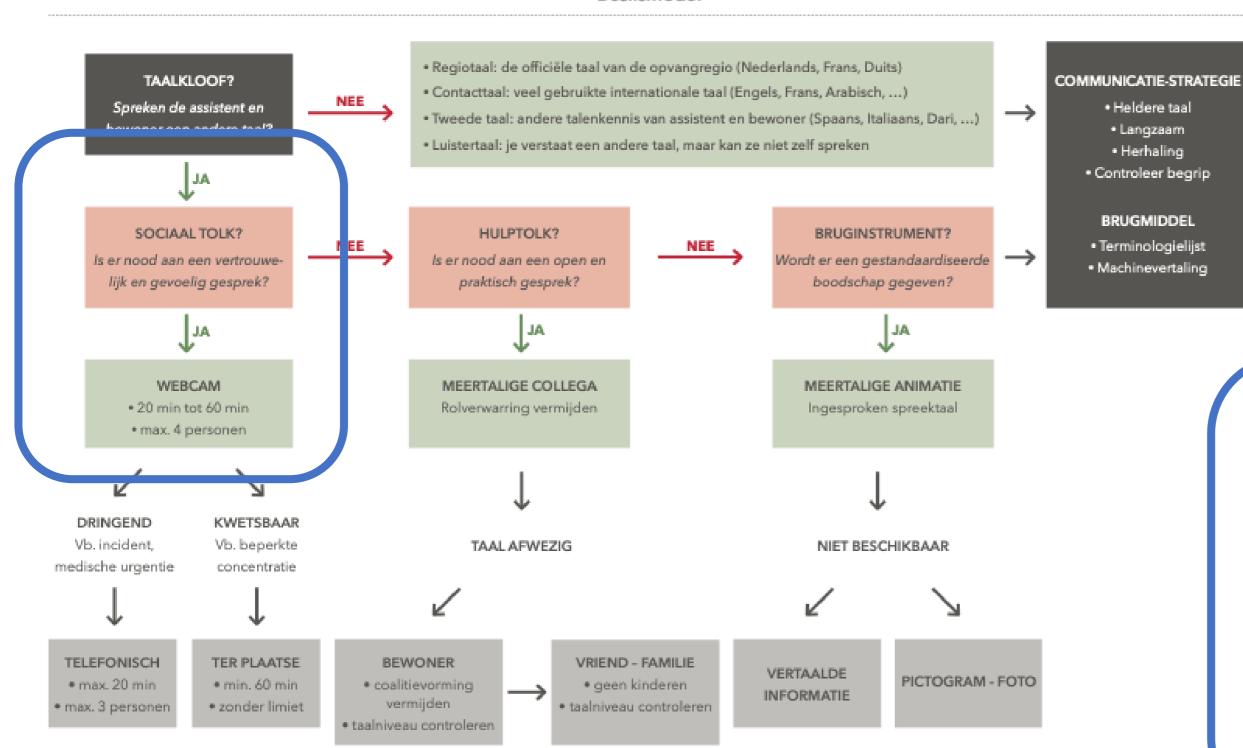
Takeaways

- digital tools can help reduce unequal access to information
- but important considerations
 - at key moments
 - for specific types of information
 - in support of broader human interaction
 - co-developed with users
 - based on real needs
 - introduced with training and time



3. VIDEO INTERPRETING

MEERTALIGE COMMUNICATIE IN DE OPVANG Beslismodel



Werken met videotolken

(1/1/2021-31/12/2022) (UGent)

Heldere taal.

Langzaam

 Herhaling Controleer begrip

BRUGMIDDEL

Terminologielijst

Machinevertaling

- **AIM**: facilitate and optimize video-interpreting, specifically for LLDs
- *Method*: context analysis, observations of interactions,
- Output: leaflet, trainingsmodule
- *Impact:* structural embedding videointerpreting since 2022 (with EUAA support)

Why motivate staff to work with video-interpreters?

- shortage of in-person / on-site interpreters (rare languages, remote reception centres)
- preference over alternative (telephone interpreting)
 - more flexibility, especially for rare languages
 - access to visual cues
 - allows for longer conversations
 - cost-effective



Source: Fedasil



107



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TOTAAL

Video interpreting

Challenges

- staff reluctance: adopt new routines
- organisational: advance booking
 ≠ ad hoc needs
- technical: poor internet, lack of quiet spaces, wrong equipment

Impact

- reached "new" staff, next to early adopters
- simplified interpreting workflow
- more support in rare languages thanks to more efficiency in their time schedules

EU-WEBPSI

PUBLIC SERVICE INTERPRETING IN THE EU

No harmonized framework of minimal standards for PSI Services

Unequal access to basic services across the EU

Mismatch interpreter supply/demand

Limited interpreting capacity (esp. for LLDs)

https://www.webpsi.eu/





EU-WEBPSI: SCOPE AND OBJECTIVES

EU

Geographical scope:
 EU and EFTA

WEB

Online portal

PSI

 Public Service Interpreting, especially in languages of lesser diffusion

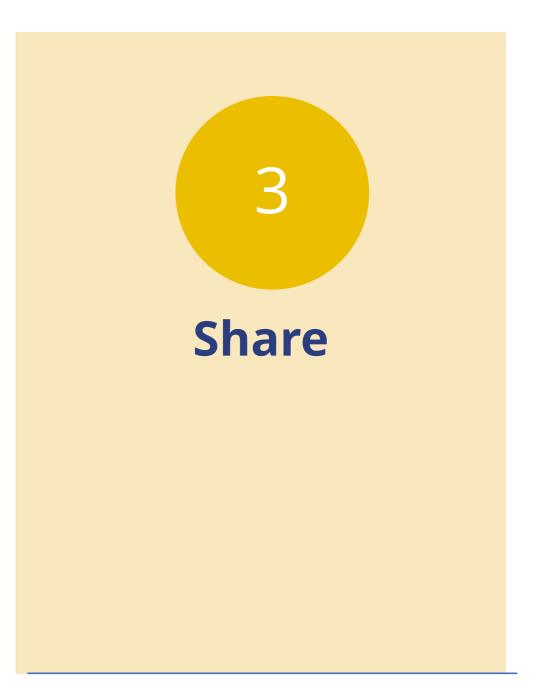
Case study approach: asylum and reception contexts



















Designing a common framework of minimum quality standards of (WEB)PSI competence, training and accreditation

2

Strengthening video-mediated interpreting capacity for LLDs

- 60 refugee interpreters
- 8 language combinations

3

Developing video-mediated interpreting solutions across national boundaries



Learning Materials

Get in touch

Interpreters register

Portal

EU Web Portal for Videomediated Public Service Interpreting

To improve access to basic services for migrants and refugees

Learn more about it >



https://portal.webpsi.eu/

























REPOSITORY FOR PSI TRAINING MATERIALS

Context: asylum and reception

Train-the trainer approach

8 modules = 8 topics



TRAINING MODULES

MODULE 1: ENTRANCE ASSESSMENT

University of Vienna, Centre for Translation Studies

Laura Andrea González Figueroa & Sonja Pöllabauer

MODULE 2: BASIC INTERPRETING TECHNIQUES

Ghent University, Department of Translation, Interpreting and Communication

Eleonora Mazzanti, July De Wilde & Katrijn Maryns

MODULE 3: ETHICS

Ghent University, Department of Translation, Interpreting and Communication

Eleonora Mazzanti, July De Wilde & Katrijn Maryns

MODULE 4: THE PUBLIC SERVICE DOMAIN

KU Leuven, Department of Linguistics

Aline Guaus & Lieven Buysse

MODULE 5: SPECIFICITIES OF VIDEO-MEDIATED INTERPRETING

University of Surrey, Centre for Translation Studies

Diana Singureanu, Sabine Braun & Elena Davitti

MODULE 6: SPECIFICITIES OF TRAINING INTERPRETERS IN LLD

University of Vienna, Centre for Translation Studies

Laura Andrea González Figueroa & Sonja Pöllabauer

MODULE 7: THE ORGANISATION OF CERTIFICATION TESTS

AGII Flemish Integration Agency

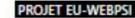
Laura Theys & Pascal Rillof

MODULE 8: INTERPROFESSIONAL TRAINING ON WORKING WITH WEBCAM INTERPRETERS USING THE EU WEB PORTAL

University of Surrey, Centre for Translation Studies

Diana Singureanu, Sabine Braun & Elena Davitti







Formation à l'interprétariat social et médical par visioconférence

Adaptation of trainer materials + creation of a SharePoint site for learners

(ISM CORUM, France)

Dates limite de réponse aux tests (obligatoires et optionnels)

+ Ajauter un événement



Test OBUGATOIRE "Ethique et



Test OBLIGATOIRE "Services publics T

Mes resultats

Accéder aux contenus

Modules et ressources de formation



Evaluations et questionnaires déjà clos et corrigés



Contacter l'équipe de formation

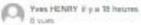
Quoi de neuf?

+ Ajouter



Services publics

Module Services Publics , les contenus sont en ligne...



Bonne Année 2025 | L'équipe de...



Contrôle continu - Résultats du module Techniques de base de...

Afficher tout

Afficher tout

Afficher tout

Consultez vos résultats ! Afin de vou. Year HENRY 6 discembre 2024



Fin du module "Techniques de base de l'interprétariat'

Fin du module "Techniques de base... Yeas HENRY 19 novembre 2024

Les prochaines sessions de formation

+ Ajouter un événement



mer: 15 janv., 00:00



eu: 15 janv., 09:00



Services publics 4 (Présentiel) met 22 janv, 09:00



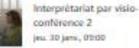
jeu. 23 jene, 89:00



Interprétariat par visioconférence 3



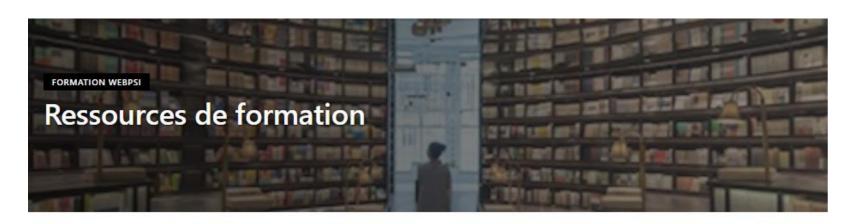




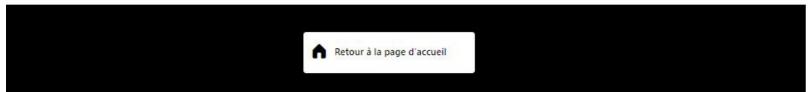




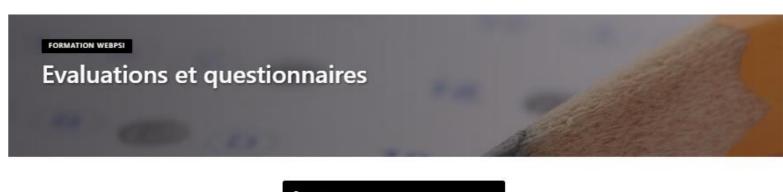




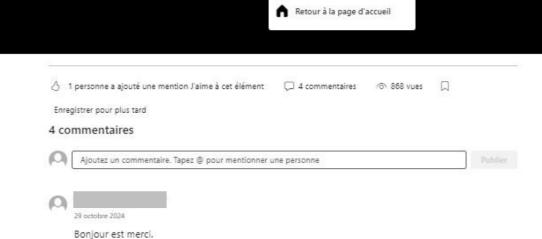
















Ethique et déontologie 4



Ressources complémentaires

de la session "Ethique et déontologie 4" (11 et 12/12/2024)











Questionnaire - Ethique et déontologie 4

Avant d'effectuer ce test, nous vous recommandons de consulter les ressources disponibles sur la page Ethique et déontologie 4 Cliquez sur l'image ci-dessous pour accéder au test



de la session "Ethique 3" (04 et 05/12/2024)

Date limite de réponse le 20/12/2024 à 19h00 !

Questionnaire - Ethique et déontologie 3

Avant d'effectuer ce test, nous vous recommandons de consulter les ressources disponibles sur la page Ethique



PSI TRAINING

Training 60 LLD interpreters with a refugee or migrant background

Belgium France Greece

In collaboration with our local partners: PSI providers and Reception agencies

Standard test in the three countries





Organisation of on-site classes

Hybrid training programme

(Flemish Agency for Integration, Belgium)

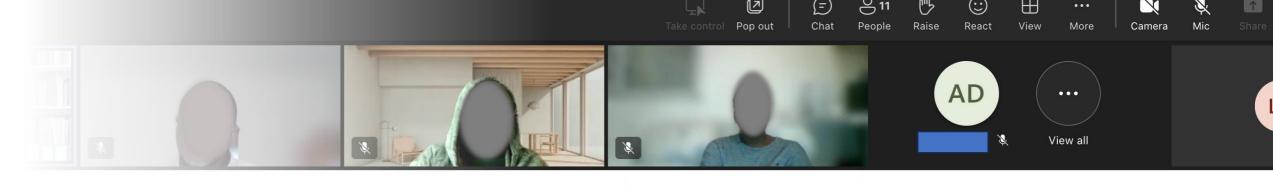






Organisation of online classes

(ISM CORUM, France)



ofil professionnel des réfugiés et bénéficiaires de la Protection bsidiaire en France

- s niveaux de qualifications variés :
- Une proportion significative a un niveau d'études élevé
- Une partie possède des qualifications professionnelles ou techniques, notamment dans des métiers manuels
- Cependant, un certain nombre de personnes réfugiées n'ont pas de qualifications ou de diplômes formels reconnus

ant leur arrivée en France, 57 % des réfugiés étaient actifs sur le marché du avail, un taux proche de celui des autres primo-arrivants (59 %).

répartition par type d'emploi dans le pays d'origine est similaire à celle des tres immigrés en France, mais les informations précises sur les qualifications et ofessions exercées restent limitées.



Trainees practicing online

(METAdrasi, Greece)





FINAL REFLECTIONS

- digital tools are never neutral, but reflect choices and priorities
- technology changes fast but people need time → the softer skills like digital confidence and aptitude towards the technology are just as important (for all involved)
- intertwined nature of digital and social exclusion
- digital technologies have a mixed blessing: they can both reinforce and overcome existing social inequalities



OUR HOPES

- map diversity of needs and capacities before implementing digital tools
- design for varying layers of use: high autonomy, medium support, low access
- see tools as complements to people, not substitutes
- invest sufficiently in training, infrastructure, user feedback loops
- involve all stakeholders from the beginning
- keep asking: What happens to those not reached by tools



JOIN US FOR THE FREE EU-WEBPSI FINAL SYMPOSIUM

ONSITE, 5th June 2025, 1-5 PM

ONLINE, 19th June 2025, 2-4 PM

SCAN THE QR-CODE FOR MORE INFORMATION









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